CHARA BALTICA Bruz. FOUND IN GREENLAND

Anders LANGANGEN1 and Ole BENNIKE2

¹ Hallagerbakken 82b, 1256 Oslo, Norway ² Geological Survey of Danmark and Greenland (GEUS), Thoravei 8, 2400 Copenhagen NV, Denmark

KEY WORDS: freshwater algae, Chara baltica, Charophyceae, distribution, Greenland.

OBSERVATIONS

Chara balica Braz. is reported from Greenland by Braun & Nordstedt (1882), who gives the diffuse location: Nord-America, Grönland (lzg. Raben, inherb. Sonder). The problem about this find is discussed in Langangen et al. (1996), and is related to the lack of specimens to support the find. Langangen et al. (1996) accept the find because "we do believe this is so as the determination was made by Braun himsell". The new find, described below, assures the existence of Chara balicica in Greenland.

Locality

Greenland: Søndre Strømfjord: Small saltlake c. 500 m northwest of Limnaea Sø (Lake Limnaea). 170 m a.s., 66°59.8'N, 51°06.3'W. Leg. Ole Bennike, GEUS, Denmark, 3 August 1996.

Description of specimens found

Small plants, up to 8 cm high. Not incrusted. Internodes up to 2,2 cm long. Stem diameter to 700 µm. Cortex diplositichous, some piaced 2 (3) corticated, tylacanthous. Some juvenile plants with poor developed or missing cortex. Spin-cells short to papillous, only single, acute. Stipulodes in two tiers, small, short. In some specimens only developed in upper row. Number of branchles 5-6 in a whorl, up to 7 mm long, 0,3-1x length of internode. 2-3 segments per branchlet. End-segment with 2-4 cells, length of these are up of the set of the set of the segment spin to the set of the set



to 5 mm. Endcell short, acute. Branchlets with cortex on the 1-2 lowest segments, elsewhere ecorticate. Anterior bracts and bractcoles as long as the oogonia, posterior bract-cells papillous. Monoecious. Poor fertility, mostly juvenile gametangia.

The specimens described here fits very well the description given of the species by Braun & Nordstedt (1882), who says: "Forma intermodiis sadde clongatis, verticillis brachyphyllis clausis microcantha". This means that this is a type with elongated internodes, short branchlets and with spine-cells shorter than the stem-diameter.

Figure 1 shows the new (dot) and presumed old find (star) of *Chara baltica* in Greenland. (In Langangen *et al.* (1996) the known distribution of *C. baltica* is shown in figure 5, and not figure 10.

The specimens are deposited in Herb. C (Copenhagen).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT — We are indebted to Dr Irmgard Blindow, Lund, Sweden who has helped us with the determination of *Chara baltica*.

REFERENCES

BRAUN A. & NORDSTEDT O., 1882 — Fragmente einer Monographie der Chataceen. Nach den hintenlassenen Manuscripten A. Braun's herausgegeben von Dr.O. Nordstedt. Abhandlungen der Königlichen Akademie der Wissenschaften zu Berlin 1882: 1-211.

LANGANGEN A., HANSEN J.B., & MANN H., 1996 — The charophytes of Greenland. Cryptogamie, Algologie 17 (4): 239-257.